

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 14

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, Apr. 8, 1933

NUMBER 48

NYAL

BLOOD PURIFIER

Valuable in the treatment of

BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES

Has been used with success in treating cases of

POOR BLOOD

And its results such as Pimples, Boils, Eczema, etc.

The Champion Pharmacy

Phone 9

Druggists & Chemists

Sam Fong Cafe

FRIGIDAIRE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT
CIGARS CIGARETTES TOBACCOES
SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

ROOMS

Best Meals in Town

Bread For Sale

ALADDIN LAMPS

Price
Without Shade \$5.95
Shade Extra \$1.75



The Famous DUTCH SHELL TRACTOR OIL

Grades 40, 50 and 50
Any Quantity, per gal.

75c

FORMALINE, per lb. 20c
GUN GREASE, in 3 and 5 lb.
tins, per lb. 14c
IN BULK, per lb. 13c

TRACTOR OIL, Genuine Dutch
Shell, in half bbl, lots, per gal. 75c
SWEAT PADS, each 45c

UNDERTAKING & EMBALMING



Champion
Spark Plugs
75c

Farmer's Hardware

RES. PHONE 12

STORE PHONE 28



Champion Lodge
A. F. & A. M.
G. R. A.

Meets second Thurs-
day in each month. Visiting brethren
welcome.

J. A. LONG G. L. DEPUY,
W. M. Secretary.

DR. H. P. BARKER

Dental Surgeon

Graduate of Northwestern
Dental University Chicago

Savoy Hotel Champion

Every Thursday

Phone Hotel for Appointment

Herbert Cooper Notary Public

Conveyancing
Real Estate

INSURANCE
In All Its Branches

Phone 50

Champion, - Alberta

DR. H. NEWTON HEAL

DENTAL SURGEON

In Champion Thursday

Fridays and Saturdays.

Local and General

Mrs. H. Young of Lethbridge is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Voisey.

The Champion Elks are already away with their preliminary arrangements for a Big Celebration here on July 1st. Keep this date in mind for your mid-summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Madorsky and family spent a few days visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Sigal.

The postponed meeting of the board of managers of the United Church will be held on Monday 10th at 8 p.m.

April 10th is Easter Sunday. Keep in mind the Easter service at 7:30 p.m.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Diemert received word recently of the marriage of their son, W. S. Diemert, in Los Angeles, California, on February 25th.

Mrs. Crovett of Calgary was a recent guest at the home of Mrs. J. N. Beaupier.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Schwarz of Staveland were week end visitors in Champion.

Mr. Tuftand of Magrath was a business visitor in town on Friday. While here he gave a number of permanent waves.

Gordon McLean, who has spent the past fifteen months in Belleville, Ontario, returned to his home Friday.

Mrs. McIntyre, Mrs. Clever and Mrs. Heal were Carmangay visitors Saturday.

A number from Champion, including Mr. and Mrs. Wise, Miss Barbara Wise and Miss M. Patterson, attended the wedding dance held in Fiaminco school on Wednesday night in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Estland, who were married recently. Mrs. Estland was formerly Miss Vogue.

Born-To Mr. and Mrs. Max Groves, on Thursday, March 30, a daughter.

Born-To Mr. and Mrs. Louis Groves, on Monday, April 3, a son.

The Champion orchestra has been engaged to supply music for the dance to be held in Harrington on Friday night, April 7.

Miss Edna Orr was a week end visitor at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Manhard spent the week end in Calgary and report a very enjoyable trip.

Miss Ethel McDougall returned to her school at Jarvie, Alberta, on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Jahraus of Medicine Hat were week end visitors at the home of their daughter, Mrs. R. Maxwell.

Mr. J. Harper has returned to his farm after spending the winter in Calgary.

Miss Emma Vanbesen left for Vancouver on Monday.

Good Friday falls on April 14th this year.

Services were held by the Salvation Army in Champion on Saturday afternoon.

The regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid was held at the home of Mrs. P. O. Sommers, on Thursday afternoon. The main topic of discussion was an Easter Tea to be held in Campbell's Hall on Saturday, April 8. Mrs. Freeze and Mr. Campbell will be the hostesses in charge.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Jopling moved to the farm during the week.

Women's Institute

The April meeting of the Women's Institute will be held at the home of Mrs. Alexander on Tuesday next, April 11th, beginning at 2:30 p.m. The programme for this meeting will be of exceptional interest. In line with the observation of Household Economics Week by the Federated Women's Institutes, Mrs. Dawson, local convener of the Standing Committee on Household Economics will give a demonstration on sandwich making. This will assure a variety of sandwiches to be eaten later. The roll call, which fits in nicely with the topic for the month, is "My Favorite Dish to Prepare." Mrs. Alexander will give a report of the District Conference held in Lethbridge in March, Referees: Mr. and Mrs. R. I. Baker. It is hoped that a large number of members and friends of the Institute will be present at this meeting.

New Homestead Lands

Specified crown lands in areas of the province will be thrown open at an early date for settlement, according to an announcement made by Hon. R. G. Beld, provincial treasurer and minister of lands and mines. Announcement as to the particular areas will be made later on, when necessary investigations are completed. Areas will include certain tracts in the west central portion of the province.

Fourth Birthday Honored

Mrs. R. I. Baker entertained at a very delightful party on Wednesday afternoon, March 30, in honor of Caroline's fourth birthday. A number of her little playmates were present and a very enjoyable time was had by all.

Several members of the O.E.S. attended the Vulcan Chapter on Thursday night, the occasion being the official visit of the Worthing Grand Matron, Mrs. Scaife.

The death occurred of Shirley Marlene, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Frazer, on Tuesday, April 4. The baby was one month and twenty-two days old. The funeral was held at Bowville on Wednesday afternoon, Rev. Dawson officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Campbell entertained at dinner on Wednesday evening in honor of Mr. Earl Ditto, the occasion being his birthday. Those present were the gentlemen that participated in the recent badminton tournament.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Ulrich were dinner hostesses on Sunday covers being laid for nine.

Lost-Reward

Lost between Champion and Vulcan on Monday one sack of furs containing, one badger, 2 coyotes, one weasel, Finder please return to Champion Trading Co., phone 7.

Found-Crank for car. Owner call at Chronicle office.

Easter Supper

Sat. April 8

The Ladies' Aid of Champion United Church are holding an Easter Supper in Campbell's Hall on Saturday, April 8th, from 5 to 8 p.m. Admission: adults 35c. Children 20c. The menu is as follows:

HOMECOOKED HAM
Scalloped Potatoes. Peas and Carrots
Pickles Bread and Butter
Pie Jelly Dessert with Cake
Tea or Coffee
You will notice the special price for children. It is hoped that families will decide to give mother a rest for one night from meal-getting and dish-washing and dine together at the hall. The ladies wish to assure you of a good meal, plentiful, well-cooked and promptly served. Come early if you can.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL

\$2.00 PER DAY
Trained Nurse in Attendance
Phone 44

Champion United Church
Rev. Peter Dawson, Minister

Sunday, April 9

Blessed Morning Worship, 11.30 a.m.

Yetwood Divine Service, 3.30 p.m.

Champion Sunday School, 11.00 a.m.

Champion Evening Worship at 7.30

Speaker-Rev. B. H. Brett.

HERBERT J. MABER

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER, NOTARY

VULCAN

At U. S. Alexander's office

every Thursday

Long Louie Cafe

The Best Place in Town to Eat



With the approach of the busy season we are prepared to cater to farmers and others with quick courteous service

- - - We Appreciate Your Patronage - - -

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, all Kinds of Fruit in Season, Ice Cream the Year Round, etc.

Phone 7

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Champion Trading Co.

Owl Matches, per pkg. 23c
Palmolive Soap, 4 bars for. 29c
Robin Hood, China Oats, per pkg. 25c
Bran Flakes, 2 pkg. for. 25c
All Bran; per pkg. 19c
Roman Meal, per pkg. 33c
Sandwich Cookies, per lb. 25c
Corn Beef, 2 tins for. 25c
Bananas, 2 lbs. for. 25c

Highest Prices Paid for
Poultry and Produce

If The World's Entire Supply Of Gold Was Assembled It Would Occupy But Small Space

All this talk of gold—the gold standard, the lure of gold, the hoarding of it—drive professors at New York University into a corner the other day, and when they came out, they revealed that if the world's entire supply were brought together it could be tucked away into a couple of four-story brownstone fronts.

By some fancy figuring, says the New York World-Telegram, they disclosed that since Columbus came to America there have been produced in the world 1,160,000,000 troy ounces of pure gold, worth in United States coinage approximately \$23,000,000,000. This they said, is the equivalent of about 63,256 cubic feet of gold, and would make a cube 39 feet 11 inches on each side.

They then showed what has become of it.

In gold coin and bullion throughout the world there are 500,000,000 troy ounces, worth \$12,000,000,000. This occupies 33,144 cubic feet, and would make a cube 32 feet 4 inches on each side.

Included in this, of course, is the United States' supply, worth \$1,045,000,000 and occupying 11,127 cubic feet. It would make a cube about 22 feet on each side.

About 150,000,000 ounces of gold are estimated to be hoarded in India and the Orient. It is worth \$3,000,000,000 and is equivalent to 8,286 cubic feet, making a cube 20 feet 2 inches on each side. The East hoards much more than this three years ago, but high prices have brought some of it out of hiding places in India.

"It is impossible to make an exact estimate of the gold now in the form of jewelry, spectacle frames and gold teeth, but still theoretically available," the professors pointed out. "Probably 150,000,000 ounces is a reasonable figure. This would be worth \$3,000,000,000 and would equal 8,286 cubic feet and would make a cube 20 feet 2 inches on one side, the same as the gold estimated to be hoarded in the East."

Out of the total gold known to have been mined since the discovery of America this leaves about 220,000,000 ounces unaccounted for. It is worth \$4,500,000,000, equivalent to 12,428 cubic feet, making a cube 22 feet 2 inches on one side. It has been lost or used up.

Before Columbus' time the world's gold stock probably did not exceed \$1,000,000,000.

As to gold reserves still in the mine, it is agreed, the professors said, that they are diminishing so rapidly that either new supplies must be discovered or new methods of extraction devised if the output is to keep up. A rough estimate of mineable gold known to be in mines, is not even 400,000,000 ounces, or \$4,500,000,000, equivalent to 12,428 cubic feet and making a cube 22 feet 2 inches on one side.

Much larger amounts of gold are known to be present in low grade ores, not profitable to work under present methods.

But by far the greatest amount of gold with which science has any certain knowledge is the supply in the water of the seven seas.

"Quantitative estimates are very uncertain because the gold content of sea water varies from place to place in the ocean and has not been surveyed accurately," the professors said.

"A minimum estimate, based on the best available data and assuming about two-tenths of a grain of gold in a ton of sea water, indicates that the total gold in the ocean is at least 50,000,000,000,000 troy ounces, or about 50,000 times as much as has been mined since Columbus discovered America. This would be worth \$1,000,000,000,000,000. It would equal 387,000,000 cubic feet and would make a cube 729 feet on each side."

It would if they could get it out, but despite the chemists' repeated efforts to extract oceanic gold by cheap processes, they have not been able to.

Makes Answer Sure
The flashing of SOS of a ship in distress need never go unanswered because of a sleepy wireless operator. New York engineers have designed a receiver that not only records an SOS, but rings a gong in the operator's quarters and flashes on a special light on the ship's bridge. The gong rings as long as the distress signal is coming through the air, or until the operator responds to the call.

The Hungarian partridge feeds to a very large extent on weed seeds.

W. N. U. 1988

Electric Clock Without Hands

Time Given in Hours and Minutes By Numerals

A new type of electric clock eliminates dial and hands and substitutes large numerals visible through small windows in the front plate. Time is read directly in hours and minutes (thus, 8:05 for five minutes after eight), and the second hand is replaced by a rotating dial indicating seconds. The numerals are illuminated by a small lamp which provides sufficient light to read the figures in the dark. The new clock, which is known as the cyclometer clock, is built like the device that records automobile mileage.

It may become a little difficult for the older people, so long used to looking two hands revolving in front of a circle of numbers, to take up the new clocks. They will be quite popular with the young.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Largest Telescope in Britain

Building At Greenwich Near Newbury To House Big Instrument

A new 36-inch telescope largest in England, will soon be installed at Greenwich Observatory. The building which will house the instrument is now ready and the telescope itself is erected in a temporary state at the works of the Newcastle firm which is making it. It will not be ready for use for some months. Although much smaller than the instrument at the Mount Wilson Observatory in the United States, it is probably the largest to be erected in the British Isles. The climatic conditions are not sufficiently good to justify the expense of building a large one.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Fast Work
By Ruth Rogers

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W. N. U. 1988

M CHALIPAIN EATS HIS "HAT"



This is not a gramophone record—indeed competition but Fedor Chaliapin, testing the gold gramophone record presented to him to commemorate his uninterrupted association for over thirty years with a famous British gramophone company. The gold record is a replica of the record of "The Volga Boatmen," which has been the best seller of any of the famous Russian songs' records.

Does Not Require Magic

Art Of Making Good Coffee Is Very Simple

There is no magic attached to brewing good coffee. It is, indeed, a very simple matter. These are the basic rules:

Don't guess the quantity of coffee and water. Always measure. One cannot be dogmatic about the amount of coffee to use—that depends on individual taste. But once you have established the ratio of coffee and water that produces the kind of coffee you like best, be sure to measure both. Don't guess.

The coffee should never be steeped in hot water longer than eight minutes. The longer the infusion the more bitter the coffee and the less perfect its flavor and aroma.

The beverage should be filtered immediately from the grounds and the coffee served hot and quickly after making; in order to retain maximum flavor and aroma.

Keep coffee-making utensils scrupulously clean, washing them occasionally with a solution of hot water, washing soda and ammonia.

Special Stamp Issue

Ask For Special Series Of Stamps

For World's Grain Show
Issuance of a special series of stamps to commemorate the world's grain exhibition and conference in Regina will be proposed shortly to the postmaster-general.

Sometime ago a proposal for a special issue was placed before Hon. Arthur Meighen and was turned down. It was held that the cost of the special issue would be too high to be justified at present.

Supporters of the proposal are preparing another appeal for Mr. Meighen. Special despatches from Ottawa indicate that the postmaster-general must make the final decision in the matter.

Chose Lesser Evil

Hospital Nurse—You say financial difficulties brought you here?

Patient—Yes. I saw my tailor coming, crossed the road to avoid him, and half way across I saw an older creditor on the other side of the road. I did not know what to do—I hesitated and went under a car.

Editor Is Handless

Writes Copy For Cripples Paper With His Feet

"Our Struggle," organ of the cripples of Czechoslovakia, is now edited by Frantisek Filip, a young man who is the only editor in the world who writes his copy with his feet.

Filip, who has no hands, is a graduate of the Prague Rakule School. He not only is able to write with his feet, but also can run an automobile typewriter and other machines.



"Where was I last night, Thompson?"
"I couldn't say, Sir, but your bank manager has just rung up to ask if it's all right to pay him on a cheque of yours written on your dress collar."

The Hummel, London.

Sir Arthur Currie Deplores The Spirit Of Despair and Failure Which Has Seized Many People

Artist Carves "Fairy Tree"

Children In Melbourne, Australia, Go In Hundreds To See It

A masterpiece of elves, gnomes, apes, birds and animals has appeared in the Fitzroy Gardens, Melbourne—on the gnarled red gum tree. Children go in hundreds to see it.

The magic wand which summoned this strange land into the shady gardens was the sharp carving instruments of Miss Ota Cohn, the sculptor, whose art the "Fairy Tree" is likely to express for many years to come.

Miss Cohn, who is an Associate of the Royal College of Art, London, returned to Melbourne last year after five years of study in England and on the Continent. She got the idea of a "Fairy Tree" from one she saw in London, and after a look through the gardens of Melbourne she chose the great trunk of a gum tree estimated to be 700 years old.

Among the niches and crevices, on the knots and protuberances, the little figures emerged upon the wood.

1915, Sir Arthur told of the young Canadians around him standing unafraid, and their only question was "what do you want to do?"

"Today, after eighteen years," he said, "the memory of these immortal men and boys comes to us as an inspiration. It is today, against another foe—the foe of depression and distress—we can again turn the tide if we have their spirit of service, their dauntless bearing and if we keep our heads with calm courage. What do you want us to do? In the question we put to our leaders today, it must be answered and answered. It must be answered in no selfish spirit, not with an eye to personal prestige or party advantage. The war was called to serve that it be answered intelligently, honestly and without fear or favor."

He has moved too far away from the simple life and faith of our ancestors," said Sir Arthur. "Their life was a communal life. It was a life of service, which he kept us from unnecessary dependence on government. All this has gone. Our complex life has driven it out almost completely, and we must strive to bring it back. There are quick remedies offered the uprooting of society, the destroying of what our fathers built, the beginning of civilization all over again on a different plane, and on principles and ideals opposite to those on which our country was founded. If I were giving advice to youth, I would say, 'strive to ignore these quick remedies and to restore the spirit of your ancestors. Let us face the future, not with fear, but with hope and faith, not with unbridled and individual selfishness, but with the spirit of service which has characterized the plain men.'"

Britain Always Ready To Make Sacrifices

But Other Nations Are Not So Ready To Follow Suit

Some vessels ago Great Britain declared an embargo on the shipment of arms to Japan and China. When the government made this announcement it expressed the hope that other nations would fall in line, and that the war in the Far East might thus be to some extent, limited. No other nations have seen fit to join in the prohibition.

It was in the case of free trade. Nearly three generations ago England abandoned protection in the hope that other countries would follow suit and that tariff barriers would be abolished all over the globe. The expected development did not occur. As a matter of fact, tariffs were everywhere raised higher and higher. This movement was accentuated after the war, until the British Isles remained nearly unharmed in a fiscally armoured world. The end of the experiment came a few months ago when the British colonies, faced by disaster, voted for the adoption of the protection system and new Parliament at Westminster put the policy thus substantiated into force.

So it has been in the case of war debts. She has repeatedly offered to forgive others twice as much as she asked others to forgive her, but all to no avail. So it has been in the case of disarmament. The British have reduced their defence forces on land, at sea, and in the air below the requirements of a world-wide danger, and of a homeland which depends upon safe sea routes for its very food supplies. Great Britain has given this pacific lead at great risk to her own people. Some of the other nations have not done their part. The British Government has confessed that it cannot go on disarming the less other countries play the game. Recently Premier Ramsay MacDonald and Sir John were at Geneva battling against what appears to be an imminent failure of the World Disarmament Conference.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Try It On Business

The average man changes his position on every seventh minute, according to his sleep, says Dr. Donald Lloyd, eminent psychologist. A similar rate of turning over might help slumbering business.

Wheat exports from Vancouver for the current crop year to date now total 40,750,202 bushels, and it is expected the record movement of 98,407,519 bushels established during the 1928-29 season will be exceeded.

Fast Readers Are Best

Test Shows They Remember More Of What They Read

Fast readers are better readers. A test given by an educational survey has shown.

Evidence supporting this conclusion of common belief was reported by the University of California by Dr. John A. Hockett, assistant professor of education, after a series of tests with his students.

The fastest readers remember more of what they have read than slow readers. Dr. Hockett found. He asked 20 questions of his students, based on text they had read in two minutes.

The group of students that read fastest answered an average of 12.7 questions correctly, the middle third answering 11.8 questions correctly and the slowest reading third answered only 10.4 correctly.

The group tested by Dr. Hockett was composed mostly of graduate students in education. The students read at speeds varying from 150 to 220 words a minute, with the average rate 205 words a minute. The test dealt with educational problems.

A group of teachers in an Oakland elementary school, given the same test, read at an average rate of 203 words a minute, with individual maximum and minimum of 185 and 290 words a minute.

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A strong plea for a reawakening of the spirit which characterized the men of the Canadian Corps, and the pioneers of Canada in order to overcome the present national gloom, was made recently at Downsview, Ontario, by General Sir Arthur Currie, former commander of the Canadian Corps in France. He deplored the spirit of failure and despair which had seized so many people, and said that harmony and goodwill, mutual trust and confidence were essential to bring the ship of state safely into harbor.

Recounting some of the experiences of the second battle of Ypres in April, 1915, Sir Arthur told of the young Canadians around him standing unafraid, and their only question was "what do you want to do?"

"Today, after eighteen years," he said, "the memory of these immortal men and boys comes to us as an inspiration. It is today, against another foe—the foe of depression and distress—we can again turn the tide if we have their spirit of service, their dauntless bearing and if we keep our heads with calm courage. What do you want us to do? In the question we put to our leaders today, it must be answered and answered. It must be answered in no selfish spirit, not with an eye to personal prestige or party advantage. The war was called to serve that it be answered intelligently, honestly and without fear or favor."

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ORANGE PEKOE BLEND

"Fresh from the Gardens"

Fear Controls The World.

Conditions throughout the world today demand and should command the serious attention and earnest thought of all people. In this particular article we are not referring to the general economic troubles of the world. They are in large part the result of other conditions to which specific attention is now directed, namely, "Fear" which possesses so many nations and peoples and which is finding expression in various countries in what may best be described as "reign of terror."

Our daily newspapers are filled with reports of the persecution of this or that race of people, or of groups adhering to this or that religious sect, with resulting outrages, boycotts and killings. Some of these reports are not doubt exaggerated; some possibly entirely false, with propaganda for this or against that the underlying motive. But making due allowance for all this, the fact remains that persecutions and outrages are being perpetrated in many lands. This is inevitable when democratic forms of government, with overthrown autocrats and dictators take control of government and the affairs of nations, directing not only their national and international affairs, but the very lives of the people.

To all practical intents and purposes the German republic established after the Great War has disappeared, democratic forms of government suspended, and a class dictatorship set up. This has resulted immediately in a nation-wide persecution of the Jews, which has aroused people in all nations. It is a religious persecution reminiscent of the persecutions of the Middle Ages.

In India every effort of the British Government to grant more responsible government to that great country with its teeming millions of people is frustrated by reason of the bitter racial and religious antagonisms existing between Moslems and Hindus. The impossible caste system prevailing which shows no signs of breaking down.

In Russia every conceivable effort is made to destroy all religion, and to set up in its place a sort of State religion of communist socialism with Lenin as its god. Just as we know it in this country does not exist; rather a reign of terrorism prevails with no person being able to call his soul his own, the whole upheld by a huge standing army, and the arms of war being taught in every factory and on every collective State farm.

Europe is armed to the teeth, each nation obsessed with a narrow nationalism, alive with deadly racial and religious suspicions and hatreds. Every effort to achieve any substantial disarmament has failed because of the all-pervading "Fear," and we find the British Prime Minister and his Foreign Secretary touring the leading capitals of Europe in a desperate effort to prevent a complete breakdown of the Disarmament Conference and another great war.

Japan wages undeclared war on China, and meets the condemnation of its conduct by the League of Nations with defiance to that world body, repudiation of it, and withdrawal from it.

Even in our own country we have witnessed whole communities, sometimes Provinces, even the Dominion, thrown into turmoil based on objections of one portion of the population to the religious views, or because of the racial origin, of another portion.

All down through the ages of the past the longest and bitterest wars have been fought in the name of religion. The blackest pages of human history record deeds primarily done in the name of and sanctified by religion. And the world seems to be headed for another holocaust of war, the first seedlings in the eruption being manifested by such events as are now reported from Russia and Germany.

It is "Fear," which stalks in the nations today, that is primarily and chiefly responsible for the financial and economic troubles in Canada, the United States, Great Britain, the whole world. Remove that "Fear" and all peoples would settle down to their usual avocations, in life, and living would become sweet and the world happy and prosperous.

Canada suffers because the whole world suffers, and the world suffers because of the present state of men's minds. It is not the political or economic systems under which the world has been progressing that have broken down so much as it is the morale of men which has been weakened by reason of a resurrection of the perverted views of the dark ages.

Canada wants concord and amity. The only foundation upon which it can develop and prosper. Therefore, it behooves all Canadians, irrespective of their racial origin, their religious beliefs, their political and economic opinions, to throw their whole weight into the balance in favor of world disarmament. And the most direct way in which that can be done is now and forever regulate all the old racial and religious entities which have spelt our national life on many occasions in the past. The force of such an example from Canada would not be lost upon other nations.

Game Birds For Saskatchewan

Race Hard On Horses

Fifteen hundred pheasants are sent by North Dakota Government to Saskatchewan's wild life population was increased by 1,500 pheasants when several carloads of this beautiful game bird arrived from North Dakota.

The pheasants were sent to the game branch of the Saskatchewan government in exchange for pickerel eggs shipped from Jack Fish Lake to the North Dakota Government.

The birds will be distributed widely throughout the province, stating Major John Barnes, deputy minister of natural resources, while 400 or 500 will be retained at the wild animal park at Moose Jaw. The birds will be kept in the nucleus of a hatchery from which eggs will be distributed to all parts of the province.

Tokyo, Japan, has a building boom.

Pains Around Her Heart

Tired Out After Housework

My Henry, Bunch, Marie, Lela, Alma, and I—Last fall I had had pains around my heart, and each morning, after doing a little housework, I seemed to get dizzy and feel all tired out.

Seeing that Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills were recommended by a doctor, I bought a box and after taking the pills for a few days I felt a whole lot better. Since then I have had no more pains in the stomach or on the heart.

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Claims Champion Aged Skater

Prince Edward Island Man At 93 Takes Daily Spin

In Joseph E. Arsenault, the town of Wellington, Prince Edward Island, believes it has the champion aged skater of the world. With 93 years to his credit, Mr. Arsenault has been daily astonishing spectators with skating exhibitions at the rink this winter.

With energy and vigor extremely rare in a man of his advanced years, he has "worked out" almost every day that ice has been available for the last three years and hopes to continue, at least, until he has spanned the remaining seven years which separate him from the century mark.

The powerfully-muscled limbs which still drive him over the ice at a good clip were developed, the aged skater says, in the days when as a youth he taught school at Casimpe. He lived about the rink and it was his habit to don the blades and skate the full distance to the school house each morning that ice conditions permitted.

This practice, coupled with "right living and moderation in all things," built for him a sturdy physique which later stood him in good stead during his 38 years of railroad and the subsequent years of retirement. Today, he is still able to skate a mile and a half with all the vim of a man 40 years younger.

NEIGHBORS TALK

"I am employed in a theatre and it is a problem to me to get my hair to help support my mother and sisters. I like to dress well but haven't very much to spend on clothes. I feel the appearance of variety to my mother, and I feel that I am a dress or stockings as soon as the things become dirty. I always use Diamond Dye for the woolen clothes, and as they are so easy to use, I find them as perfect for dresses and as fast for stockings. I have already used this dye several times and my neighbors talk about the great number of 'new' things I have."

"I learned about Diamond Dye from our window dresser. She says she has tried all the dyes on the market but none do such splendid work and are so easy to use as Diamond Dye. I understand they are the world's most popular dyes—and they deserve to be."

L.P., Montreal

Christie Brown, Winnipeg Bakery, Reports Progress

Firm Has Faith In the Courage and Enterprise Of the West

When Christie, Brown & Company, Limited, erected their Winnipeg Bakery, the most modern of its kind, at a cost of over one million dollars just eighteen months ago, it was proof that they had faith in the courage and enterprise of the West, notwithstanding the United States' prevailing at that time. And although economic conditions show little improvement, figures to show that February, 1933, was the biggest month in the history of the Bakery, a marked increase in production being shown in every department.

This expansion of business is due, largely, to the introduction, during the last year, of several popular priced fancy lines. Grocers and thirty-five hundred retail outlets are recognizing these real values. The fact, too, that the Company is now able to guarantee fresh deliveries every day from Winnipeg to Vancouver Island is stimulating sales to the point that new high records are expected.

Not Recognizing Defeat

"The British railways have been hard hit but they have the John Bull habit of not recognizing defeat. On top of the Southern Railway spending 13,000,000 pounds on docks at Southampton, the Great Western now announces plans to build freight cars at a cost of \$5,000,000."

Forged New Method

A pilot's forgetfulness to give orders under the new form of steering by which "left" and "right" have become "port" and "starboard" disclosed at an inquest at Deptford, England, to have been partly responsible for a Thames collision.

Over Two Million Tired

Twenty-six firms were engaged in manufacture of handiwork flooring in Canada in 1931. Raw materials (rough lumber and logs) cost \$2,497,383, and the value of the finished product was \$3,589,716.

Fifty bottles the size of the moon would be required to form one mass as large as the earth.

Applications for patents in 1,583 Africa last year numbered 1,180.

sparkle!
Bright eyes,
lustrous hair,
a clear complexion—
—come
—from
—inner cleanliness.
Take Eno every
morning. C-1-1-7

TAKE ENO'S FRUIT SALT

"Book Of Remembrance"

Every Care Being Taken To Make It Imperishable

The following article is by Grant Dexter of the Regina Leader-Post, Ottawa Press Bureau.

Artist Purvis, of London, Ontario, has received orders to undertake a contract of special interest to many people.

Mr. Purvis will write Canada's "Book of Remembrance." He will write by hand, and in imperishable ink, the names of 68,000 Canadians who were killed in the Great War. It will take him at least five years to do it.

Mr. Purvis will begin where the technicians and scientists left off. He will work with the most carefully selected materials that the wit and knowledge of the best brains in Canada's service can assemble. The material going into the "Book of Remembrance," has been selected with painstaking care. Take the matter of ink. For six months our technicians have been working to produce an imperishable compound—one that will never fade, or encrust, or become so brittle as to crumble away. And with this ink, Mr. Purvis will write upon the best vellum the world can produce. Vellum is a skin, and even played skin has been used to discover the strongest, most indestructible vellum known to man.

The vellum leaves will be bound in the book with the finest linen. But instead of sewing the sheets to the linen, the vellum and the linen will be fused. This is to be done by subjecting the sheets and binding to tremendous pressure. The result will be a book whose leaves will not tear or split, and which will resist the ravages of handling—even careless handling—for all time to come.

Encasing the whole will be a thick suitably wrought cover of leather. A certain amount of research must still be done, but the ultimate selection probably will be moccasin leather. Graciously accepted by Mr. Purvis will compile the book. Five years hence, when finished, it will be laid upon the altar in the memorial chamber.

High up in the tower, directly under the bells, is a vaulted chamber which commemorates the part Canada played in the war. It is vaulted with milk-white stone, floored with rough unflashed rocks gathered from the battlefields of France. Until the "Book of Remembrance" is there, the memorial chamber will not be complete.

Searching For Crown Jewels

Lost In Sea Inlet By King John 700 Years Ago

A company has been formed to recover King John's jewels from the bag of net on the Lincolnshire coast known as the Wash.

It is over 700 years since the monarch lost his treasure. That he had the crown jewels with him when travelling in the countryside is testified by the records of the treasury which he held crown and throne, and it may reasonably be inferred that he would have left them safely in the tower of London.

Much of the area in which the King dropped his valuables 700 years ago has long since been reclaimed into open holdings, but the company which has now been formed is stated to have signed agreements which will enable them to pursue their investigations.

Lithium, potassium and sodium, the three lightest metals, will float on water.

Syria may ban the circulation of Turkish silver coins.

GAG-ZAG
CIGARETTE PAPERS
LARGE DOUBLE BOOK
100 CIGARETTES
WHEN YOU CAN BUY
AVOID IMITATIONS

Reduced Wheat Acreage

U.S. President Has Set Curtailment Of Wheat Acreage As One Objective Of Administrative

President Roosevelt has set curtailment of wheat production by agreement of the major producing countries as one objective of his administration. The subject may come up at the world economic conference in London, and is certain to stir future diplomatic activity.

Mr. Roosevelt's proposal comes at a time when the world is increasing steadily its rate of wheat consumption but at a pace far behind the rise in production.

Many factors have complicated the world wheat situation. In countries best suited to production—such as Canada, Argentina, the United States and Australia—under the stimulation of high war-time prices, vast areas previously uncultivated were put into wheat.

Production increased least rapidly in the United States, where a definite curtailment movement set in after 1930. In 1931-32, this country had 64,000,000 acres planted in wheat. For the current crop year abandonment of winter wheat areas and a fall in fertilization to plant increased an aggregate of only 55,200,000 acres. In contrast, Russian plantings mounted from 36,400,000 acres in 1931-32, to 92,100,000 acres last year, and estimated wheat area for this crop year is 88,700,000. Canada's acreage increased from 23,300,000 in 1931-32, to 27,200,000 estimated for 1932-33, and is expected to have wheat area from 14,200,000 acres in 1931-32, to a prospective 19,800,000 acres this year.

Australia had 9,700,000 acres of wheat in 1931-32, and this year will show 15,600,000; and Europe outside of Russia, had 64,200,000 acres in 1931-32, and expects to have 75,000,000 acres this year.

All other wheat growing nations, excluding China, have increased their acreage, but of the smaller nations have found varieties which they could produce. Many countries, notably France, have developed an eagerness of self-sufficiency, especially in bread supply.

The empire preferences have changed greatly the position of the United Kingdom. Since they went into effect from Nov. 1, to Jan. 30, the United Kingdom obtained only 1.6 per cent of its supply from the United States compared with 8.4 per cent in the same period of the year before. From Canada she obtained more than 57 per cent of her supply in the latter period compared with about 27 per cent during the same time in 1931-32. Australia supplied 18 per cent of her supply in the same period, compared with 6.6 per cent during the period of the previous year.

Great Lakes' Fish Yield

Report Shows Lake Erie Leads In Annual Catch

The fish yield of the Great Lakes for the ten years between 1921 and 1930, shows that the neighborhood of half a million tons, the United States Bureau of Fisheries reports. Actual figures issued by the bureau for the year ended, covering the five Great Lakes and including Lake of the Woods, Rainy Lake and Nainan Lake, show a yield of 989,473,000 pounds of commercial fish or 494,736 tons, exclusive of a considerable catch from the Detroit River, St. Clair River and Lake St. Clair.

The catch of commercial fish in 1931, the last year for which a report has been made, covering all the Great Lakes, was 91,270,000 pounds, or 45,635 tons, compared with 1930, 94,948,000 pounds, and in the previous year 85,289,000 pounds. Between 1918 and 1928 it ran from 69,000,000 to 92,000,000 pounds.

The annual catch from Lake Erie runs almost twice as high as from any other of the five Great Lakes; Lake Michigan holds second place in this respect and the others, in order of their importance, are Lake Huron, Lake Superior, and Lake Ontario. The yield from Lake Erie for the last year has run from 19,000,000 to 20,000,000 pounds a year, while from 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 pounds of fish have been reported taken annually from Lake Michigan over the same period.

Historic Church In Danger

Men who were boys when Charles Dickens used to go to Cathay are rallying younger villagers and Dickens lovers the world over to save a landmark. The death-warrant has damaged the village church which they knew so well and money is being raised for re-roofing.

For PIES PASTRIES and MILK PUDDINGS

At any good cook to tell you how good it is to use St. Charles Milk in your cooking you should know that St. Charles Milk is the best. It is sweetened, made and made possible a great variety of new and tasty dishes that you and your family will delight in.

ST. CHARLES MILK

Old London Newspaper

Copy Of St. James Chronicle Of The Year 1797 Found In Saskatchewan

On a recent record of inspection in southwestern Saskatchewan, Inspector George Binning, R.C.M.P., Swift Current, picked up a very interesting copy of an old London newspaper, the St. James Chronicle. The paper, a semi-weekly, is dated June 24-27, 1797, and is in good state of preservation.

The front page head is centred with the crest of King George IV, and there are personal items regarding the royal family, note being taken that his majesty had been riding until 2 o'clock, when he returned for dinner, and that "the queen and princesses were sitting in post coach and four and returned to the lodge soon after two."

On the front page appears an announcement of the Irish state lottery, shares in which were on sale at licensed state lottery offices, half shares costing three pounds, 13 shillings and six pence.

The issue also contained a speech by President Adams to the United States Congress, delivered more than a month previously, May 16, 1797.

Getting Used To Failure

Hard Times Tend To Destroy Moral Fibre Of Man

There is not as much shame in a prison as there once was. The frequent pressure of hand-to-hand square the shame glands dry. There is not as much shame in financial failure as there was before the depression. Constant bearing of financial pressure makes the conscience harder. It will take a long time after the depression leaves us to make the timid shrink and shiver at the thought of prison or rob the debtor of his restful slumber. Perhaps this will be built up new again before the moral fibre of man is restored.

Soured On The WORLD—THAT'S LIVER

Wake up your Liver

"No Caloric necessary. Many people who feel sour, sluggish and generally weakened make the mistake of taking too much water, which causes the liver to become sour and weak. The liver is the most important organ in the body. It is the liver that keeps the blood pure and healthy. If the liver is weak, the blood is impure and the body is weak. Purely vegetable. Best. Pure. Quick. No harm by use. Retail everywhere. See at all druggists."

Farm Help Wages

Wages of male farm labour in Canada for the last summer season were reported as \$19 per month in 1932 as against \$25 in 1931 and \$24 in 1930, says the "Economic Analyst." For women the amount was \$11 as against \$15 in 1931. The value of board for men is placed at \$15 per month as against \$18 in 1931, and \$22 in 1930; for women \$12 as compared with \$15 in the preceding year.

Four Niger Stamps having a face value of 25 francs each brought \$900 in London, England.

A nerve specialist is a man who charges \$75 to tell you what is first about things you can't help.

for NEURITIS

One thing that helps is a nerve disk, put in place. It is the only thing that helps. Pain eases off!

MINARD'S LINIMENT

"KING OF PAIN"

W. N. O. 1088

NIGHT COUGHS

Quickly Checked and a Restful Night Assured



HEART OF THE NORTH

By

WILLIAM BYRON MOWERY

(DPI Series)

Copyright by William Byron Mowery

CHAPTER VIII.—Continued.

The income piled back up. There was nothing Haskell could do about capturing those bandits. He knew that if Williamson asked why no move had been made, the short-handled man at the post would be at least some excuse. Besides, one of the detachments, over on Hudson's Bay or somewhere in the Reindeer Lake country, would probably nab those bandits and the affair would blow over.

These rainy, depressing days, as he sat in his cabin and looked out along the slope for a mere glimpse of Elizabeth Spaulding, he was tormented by the question of why she was still here, and what stood between her and Baker. Why had Baker brought out in such hot haste and left the North country that was his home? Was Elizabeth waiting for him, or had they split up?

Sometimes it seemed to Haskell that his appointment to this northern post had not been a mere vagary of luck but a manifest act of destiny, that he might meet Elizabeth Spaulding. His triumph over Baker, his commission as a Mounted officer, his career in the Mounted—what did the whole of it weigh against the prospect of losing Elizabeth after he had found her? With the sincerity of the only passionate love in his life, he felt that if Baker married her and took her away, his victory over the ex-covert would be a grinning mockery.

Late one quiet evening, when Bill Haskell was gone on patrol, Haskell saw Elizabeth go up the slope to the cabin which had been Baker's, and light the candles there, and after a quarter-hour came away again. Tripping down the grassy terrace to Mrs. Drummond's flower garden, she sat down alone by the edge of it.

He went out of his lone cabin and out along the twilight slope to ward her.

In hat hand, Haskell came up. With cold, random eyes she surveyed him, amused at his humility. Toward her the man had no pride left. He reminded him sharply: "I believe I asked you not to talk with me again."

"Yes, you did," he said humbly. "I haven't forgotten. It's made these last couple weeks pretty miserable. But when I saw you over there to-night . . . Elizabeth, won't you let me—can't I say you a little while? I got some news days before yesterday that cut me up pretty bad."

He waited for her to comment, but she said nothing.

"You remember last winter I said my father was in poor health? I got a radiogram night before last about—about him."

Elizabeth understood that his father had died. She was quite well aware that Haskell was not exactly stricken by the news, though he was trying to play upon her sympathy.

Since wondered why he was discussing the matter with her now. As he went on talking of it, she began to see his reason. He mentioned the big country estate outside of Cobham, the town house in Ottawa, the extensive and valuable timber land up the Kilmali, when he himself was the owner of all this, she saw his whole drift.

The news left her entirely cold. From his treatment of Alan she knew how tricky and dishonorable he could be. He was trying to bait her. . . . She smiled sardonically at him for being so crude about it. Probably he thought to make her his Ottawa mistress.

The affections of such a man were evanescent at best, and certainly quicksand to build upon. Imagining her relatives with this man if she allowed herself to become dependent on him, she saw him staving off marriage by the old threadbare dodge, and at last turning coldly when passion went. Alan Baker in time would go farther than Haskell and his Cobham estate. Alan was honest, he could be depended upon.

Angry and contemptuous she arose. "I've got to go. But there's something I really must thank you for, Inspector."

"To thank me for?" He too had risen; he was leaning toward her eagerly. "I'm glad . . . I didn't know I'd done it."

"You didn't intend it as a favor. But it was." With mocking irony in her tones she went on: "Last winter Alan was offered a very splendid position in Victoria. I wanted him to take it. You used to say he was a non-com with no prospects, and that was somewhat of a lie. He didn't want to leave. He wanted to stay in service and live here in the North. Just when he was wavering, you forced his hand. You made him buy out, and so you made our marriage possible. I'm awfully grateful to you, really. You didn't realize what a favor you were doing."

She left him standing there, staring after her, dazed and speechless. That same evening, only an hour later, Haskell made a discovery so startling that in some measure it took his tortured thoughts away from Elizabeth.

A knock sounded on the door, and Whipple came in with a report. "Sir, last week I missed fifty gallons of gas and five of oil from our stores. I thought it might be a paper mistake, but today I checked up again and we're short still more."

"Well, what about it?" Haskell snapped.

"Nothing, sir; nothing at all," Whipple said hastily. He saw that his man was in a vicious mood, and he backed away to the door. "I just thought that you would like to know, sir. Most likely some fellow's been stealing this oil and gas."

Alone again, unable to bear his suspicions, Haskell turned in desperation to the service radio set in an effort to distract himself. As he had done on evenings past, he picked up at Edmonton station. Among the orders, news and personal messages, he heard that an aviator named Featherfoot and another man, name unknown, had stolen a machine gun, a propeller, pack-chute, flying instruments and other things at Edmonton; and escaping in Featherfoot's plane, he had been sighted on the flying Alberta and Great Waterways railroad toward McMurray. The posts were warned to be on the lookout for the machine and to arrest the criminals on sight.

The name and description of Featherfoot meant nothing to Haskell, but the description of the other person made him thoughtful. Tall, rangy, sandy-haired, gray-eyed, with a long prominent nose across his left temple, that description would fit Alan Baker to a dot. And Baker had gone south and might conceivably have reached Edmonton.

Haskell pondered this possibility a minute and then dismissed it. It was Bill Haddock who innocently opened his eyes to the truth.

Knocking, entering, standing before the desk, Bill requested: "Sir, if you don't mind, I've got some news days free time coming in to me. If you don't mind I'd like to take them now. I'd like to have them in a row. If you don't mind—"

"I'm short of men as it is," Haskell cut him off. "You can't go. That's that!"

It wasn't "that" for Bill. Refusing

FAT GIRLS OUT OF FASHION

Women of All Nations Slimming

All over the world Kruschen Salts is appealing to girls and women who are striving for an attractive free-from-fat figure. Here is the method they are following to banish fat and bring into blossom all the natural attractiveness that they possess: every morning they take half-teaspoonful of Kruschen Salts in a glass of warm water before breakfast.

They do this every morning—without missing one—for "it's the daily dose that takes off the fat." When Kruschen is taken daily, every particle of poisonous waste matter and harmful acids and gases are expelled from the system.

At the same time the stomach, liver, kidneys, and bowels are toned up and the pure, fresh blood coming from Nature's six life-giving salts is carried to every organ, gland, nerve, and fibre of the body, and this is followed by "that Kruschen feeling" of energetic health and activity that is reflected in bright eyes, cheerful vivacity, and a charming figure.

To be driven out, he planted himself there wide-legged and pleasant for his three days—headed Bill Haskell saw that the corporal must have some special and urgent reason for being absent today.

"Are you getting married?" he demanded sarcastically.

"No, sir," Bill answered, with more outward respect than he had ever shown before. "I—I want to—get—tried fishing."

Haskell nodded. He started to order Bill out of the cabin on penalty of c.b. But then he suddenly checked himself, he half-rose from his chair, gasping, with a revelation flowing through his brain.

There it was—the whole crashing truth! Baker's strange haste to buy out, his strange journey out to civilization, that "plane coming north, the missing gasoline, Bill Haddock's request for a leave of absence. . . . All these disjointed facts suddenly clicked together like the parts of a Chinese puzzle.



THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Alina Michalek

NONE CAN DOUBT

The world is no abode with ecstasy On any sun-sweet, wind-washed April day. Life's lure so strongly rising in each stride, So surely pulsing through each robin's lay.

That none can doubt the wisdom of the plan Which paints such beauty on a wayside flower.

And through unnumbered springs since time began Have given to countless birds song's lovely down.

Oh, every tiny pattern that is traced Is with such infinite precision placed, So deftly tinted, so exceeding well, None can deny the whole vast scheme As perfect as the little part men see.

Musicians Play On Streets

Artists Forced To Make Living In That Way

They say that street music in London, England, has suddenly gone high-toned, the reason being that fifty per cent. of the musicians of the city are out of employment. It is no uncommon thing, we are assured, to hear the violin and other instruments played beautifully on some of the quieter streets, the artists seeking to make their living in that way. The introduction of the talkies, and consequent doing away with orchestra, has accentuated the problem growing out of the ordinary unemployment situation.—New Outlook, Toronto.

Trying Luck At Grain Show

Mrs. Mary E. Mynock, of Milford, Prince Edward County, Ontario, the only woman who has ever won three championships in succession at the Chicago International Grain Show, has entered samples of beans for the World's Grain Show at Regina.

Isn't it funny that though it is the night that fails it is the day that breaks?

ation darkened and flickered out. How would it look for the ex-covert to capture or kill those men, or at least corner them and go down fighting? What would the higher officials have to say about that?

All his hatred and jealousy of Baker flared up. Not only was this man going to marry the girl he loved, this relentless sergeant, rising out of a crushing defeat, was going to show him up and make his very name a joke throughout the Force.

"You are instructed—" he still heard those crackling words flashing up across the wilderness from Edmonton—"to capture that plane and to arrest those criminals on sight." Baker was a criminal, a wanted man, subject to arrest, certain of a penitentiary sentence! Somewhere to the south he was flying up across the latitudes. He had a rendezvous somewhere with Haddock.

Haddock could be trailed to that meeting place! The plane could be captured, Baker arrested, sent up for a . . .

(To Be Continued.)

Canadians Win King's Trophy

Boys Shoved Highest Efficiency in Miniature Rifle Shooting

Canada has again won the King's trophy for miniature rifle shooting among the boys of the British Empire. Winnipeg and Calgary marksmen were among the outstanding Canadian competitors.

More than 41,000 boys competed for the trophy, which is awarded the country showing the highest efficiency in imperial rifle shooting. Canada secured an average of 80 points, South Africa 82, Great Britain 72, New Zealand 68, and Australia and India failed to qualify.

Canada won 325 medals for individual scores and South Africa was best with 35. The Senior Imperial championship shield for small senior units was won by Deal Kent cadets, with Athens, Ontario, high school, Canada, second.

The Earl of Argyll sword for large senior units was won by Hamilton Collegiate, Canada, and the Cameron Highlanders cadets of Winnipeg, second.

The Junior Imperial shield for small units was won by the Woodstock, Ont., cadets, while the Earl of Argyll sword for large units was won by Calgary Hillhurst school, with the Quebec Canadian Academy second. Canada entered 11,292 boys, South Africa 12,492, New Zealand 10,820, Great Britain 5,677. Thirty-eight Canadian units were in the honor list.

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Musicians Play On Streets

Artists Forced To Make Living In That Way

They say that street music in London, England, has suddenly gone high-toned, the reason being that fifty per cent. of the musicians of the city are out of employment. It is no uncommon thing, we are assured, to hear the violin and other instruments played beautifully on some of the quieter streets, the artists seeking to make their living in that way. The introduction of the talkies, and consequent doing away with orchestra, has accentuated the problem growing out of the ordinary unemployment situation.—New Outlook, Toronto.

Trying Luck At Grain Show

Mrs. Mary E. Mynock, of Milford, Prince Edward County, Ontario, the only woman who has ever won three championships in succession at the Chicago International Grain Show, has entered samples of beans for the World's Grain Show at Regina.

Isn't it funny that though it is the night that fails it is the day that breaks?

HEADACHE Here's Quick Relief.



Aspirin brings you immediate relief. It acts before you can feel any effect at all from the slower forms of relief.

Do not hesitate to take Aspirin tablets because of this speed. Their quick action is due to the fact they dissolve immediately. They are perfectly safe. They do not depress the heart.

That's the beauty of a remedy like Aspirin. Anyone can take it, as often as there is any need of its comfort. In

sufficient quantity to get complete relief. You could take Aspirin every day in the year without ill effects.

When you want relief from headaches, colds, neuritis, arthritis, periodic pains, etc., recur to Aspirin. You know what it will do, and you know what you are taking.

The new reduced price on bottles of 100 tablets leaves no reason for experimenting with any substitute for relieving pain. Insist on Aspirin.

ASPIRIN has SPEED!

TRADE MARK REG.

Another Cure Announced

Scientists Work Out Serum Treatment For Undulant Fever

Three research workers at the College of Medicine of the University of Cincinnati have announced the development of a serum that transforms the usually disabling undulant fever into something little more incapacitating than a slight, common cold. Undulant fever, a malarial fever, as it is known in Europe—rarely second only to tuberculosis in economic importance in its effect on livestock as well as on man.

The serum was developed by Dr. Alfred E. O'Neil, Dr. W. B. Wherry and Dr. Lee Fosbury. Like many others who have worked with the disease, Dr. O'Neil fell ill of it, but recovered to resume his work.

Undulant fever gets its name because of the temperature of the fever rises and falls in defined and regular curves. Fever, pain and disability continue, often for years. The new serum, the three researchers say, cures in from three to four days. In their research the three Cincinnati scientists found that customary methods wouldn't work; that vaccines made from the germs themselves were far too dangerous to inject into anyone. So they bubbled a ferrous oxide gas through the liquid which nullified the poison, yet left the vaccine as effective as before.

The serum they make by injecting the vaccine into goats, drawing off blood and using the bloodlet. It is injected into the blood circulation.

Full Measure Bred Twice

From the results of recent inspections of binder twine by the Seed Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture it is evident that manufacturers are not seeking to take advantage of the tolerance of 5 per cent. allowed by the Inspection and Sale Act in the length per pound guaranteed. Of 281 samples tested last year, 236 exceeded the length per pound guaranteed, and only 5 were short of the 5 per cent. limit of tolerance.

Germans War On Musktraps

Herr Adam Roth, chief trapper for the Bavarian Government, has just completed a war against muskrats in that part of Germany, during which thousands of the pests were slain by an invention which he perfected recently. Musktrats did great damage there, but now Bavaria has few, if any.

The Prince of Wales is an expert on skates.

Little Helps For This Week

"I must work the works of Him that sent me while it is day, the night cometh when no man can work." — John 9:4.

He who intermits

The appointed task and duties of the day, Unites full up the pleasure of the day.

Because the finer aspects that refuse To flow, when purposes are lightly changed.

W. Wordsworth.

By putting off things beyond their proper times one duty breeds upon the duties of another, and all duties are felt as onerous obligations, a yoke beneath which we fret and lose our peace. In most cases the consequences are that we have no time to do the work as it ought to be done.—F. W. Faber.

Sufficient for the day is the good thereof, equally as the evil. We must do at once, and with our might, the merciful deed our hand delects to do, or it will never be done, for the hand will find other tasks and the arrears fall through. And we shall one day be charged as faithless and recreant before God.—J. H. Thome.

Were True Patriots

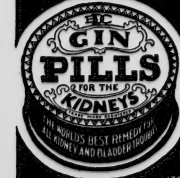
Two U. S. Citizens Intentionally Over-

paid Income Tax Last Year

Two persons intentionally paid the State of New York greater sums in income taxes last year than the law required; one, a retired professor, waived his personal exemption from taxes on a part of his income, and the other, an executive in a transportation company, forebore to write off \$25,000 of losses sustained in sales of securities. Neither is named, but both are cited as fine examples of public spirit. These men deserve public gratitude. They acted as a generous regard for the welfare of their fellows dictated. Their sacrifice is acceptable at a time when sacrifice is difficult and when the State finds it more difficult than in living memory to obtain the revenue that it requires. Their example may be recommended to others who can make similar sacrifice without passing it on to their own dependents.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Drilling for oil is to be attempted in the Hartz Mountains of Germany.

The Prince of Wales is an expert on skates.



WORLD ECONOMIC CONFERENCE MAY SOON BE HELD

London, Eng.—Aspects of a "new dawn" for the world became evident here in conferences between Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald and Norman H. Davis, United States ambassador-at-large.

They have as their objective convening a world economic conference as soon as possible and breaking the stranglehold which is suffocating world trade.

Both agree the sooner the conference is held, the better. They proceeded with a preliminary exchange of views, the first of which was a decision that only six weeks' notice need be given the participating nations, instead of three months, making the beginning of the conference possible for late in May.

Their talks were confined to the economic conference. Disarmament and debts were not discussed.

Mr. Davis said the conference does not depend on settlement of either debts or disarmament, and he would not discuss the British debt payment due the United States on June 15. He intimated, however, that the next congress was largely elected on the understanding that there would be no cancellation, reduction or postponement of the war debt.

He is proceeding on the assumption the economic conference will be held in London, and does not know whether a preliminary British mission, possibly headed by Mr. MacDonald, will go Washington.

Study Authority Given Parliament At Ottawa

Law Officers Looking Into New Rights Under Statute Of Westminster

Ottawa, Ont.—Law officers of the crown are studying the new authority given to the Canadian parliament as a consequence of the Statute of Westminster. Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice, told the House of Commons, it was expected that a number of clauses embodying the territorial and other rights given to parliament would be brought down this session. In the measure which probably be included a provision abolishing appeals to the judicial committee of the privy council in England in criminal cases.

Quits Germany

Prof. Einstein Takes Steps To Re-assume Prussian Citizenship

Berlin, Germany.—As direct action repressive measures by Chancellor Adolf Hitler's Nazis got under way against Jews in many parts of Germany as a prelude to the anti-Jewish boycott, it was learned Prof. Albert Einstein has taken steps to re-assume his Prussian citizenship. Prof. Einstein, a Jew, became a citizen in 1914 when he accepted a position with the Prussian Academy of Sciences. Upon landing at Brussels after his recent trip to the United States, he wrote to the German consulate there for information about the steps necessary to end his citizenship. He pointed out he formerly was Swiss.

Anti-German Boycott

Reaction In France Regarding Anti-Semitic Demonstrations

Paris, France.—The start of a French anti-German boycott appeared with some merchants displaying signs saying "German salesmen will not be received." French Jews were organizing mass meetings in protest against alleged anti-Semitic atrocities in Germany.

The feeling in France was indicated when an audience in Marseilles ceased a manifestation of hostility toward Paul Ludwig, the noted biographer, after the chairman of the meeting declared Ludwig was an exile from Germany. The audience had pelted violently because of the author's criticism of military features of the Versailles peace treaty.

Left \$50,000 Estate

Ottawa, Ont.—An estate valued at \$50,000 was disposed of under the will of Rt. Hon. P. A. Anglin, former chief justice of Canada, entered for probate here. Consisting of \$28,000 insurance and the balance chiefly in real estate, it is left to the widow. The residue remaining at her death to be divided among three children.

W. N. U. 1988

Resentment In Russia

Soviets Object To Attitude Of Britain In Sabotage Charges

Moscow, Russia.—Foreign Commissar Litvinoff has inferentially accused the United Kingdom of attempting to exert diplomatic pressure in connection with British subjects arrested in sabotage charges involving the operations of the British-Metropolitan Vickers Electrical Company, an official communiqué revealed.

The communiqué told of a call made by Sir Edmund Ovey, the British ambassador, at the foreign office yesterday "to acquaint the foreign minister with steps the British Government intends to take if the Soviet Government places on trial several British subjects charged with sabotage."

Mr. Litvinoff did not wait for the ambassador to explain the measures contemplated, the communiqué said. Instead he told the ambassador that the government's decision to try the case "cannot be changed, and if the British Government intends to influence this decision by informing us of the measures it is taking, the ambassador must rest assured that nothing will come of it."

The foreign minister remarked that "masters such as attempted harsh diplomacy pressure from the outside might be successful in Mexico, but in the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics they are doomed to failure beforehand."

Sir Edmund formerly served as Britain's diplomatic representative at Mexico City.

After the foreign minister had made his remarks, the communiqué said, "the ambassador did not insist on explaining the British measures."

It is understood the action contemplated by the British Government consisted of an embargo against Soviet goods.

Guarding Airplane Wreck

Armed Police Protect Remains Of Imperial Airways' Plane

London, Eng.—Britain has been shocked by the air disaster which snuffed out the lives of 15 persons who were aboard the British Imperial Airways tri-motor plane, "City of Liverpool," when it crashed near Essen, Belgium.

A twisted mass of wreckage was still the custodian of 13 of the passengers who had not instant death at the great "plane caught fire and fell to the earth like a spent rocket. Two bodies were found in the vicinity but were mutilated beyond recognition. Two victims had evidently attempted to jump free of the plane.

Belgian air industry officials are expected to conduct investigations in the catastrophe. Meanwhile a cordon of armed police are on guard around the remains of the wreck "City of Liverpool" that was enroute from Cologne, Germany, to Croeydon, England, via Brussels, Belgium.

London, Eng.—Officials of the Imperial Airways confessed themselves at a loss to explain the catastrophe involving the crash of their air liner, "City of Liverpool," in Belgium with the loss of 15 lives.

Assist Horse Breeders

Policy Of Government In This Connection To Be Continued

Ottawa, Ont.—The policy of providing assistance to horse breeders' clubs in the prairie provinces is to be continued this year with adjustments to the advantage of the breeders, it was announced by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture.

The date of application is brought forward to June 1, and a promise to whom the clubs and breeders should apply for information has been appointed in each of the prairie provinces.

The promoters appointed are: Carl Roberts, Osborne, Man.; J. W. Dunn, Calgary, Alberta; L. C. H. H. W. Dunn, Saskatoon, for North Saskatchewan; and Dr. Charles Head, Regina, for South Saskatchewan.

France Lost Business

Paris, France.—France lost 4,000,000 francs in trade with the United States as a result of defaulting on the \$18,000,000 debt installment due last December, former Senator Gabriel Taubillat told a meeting of business men and other called on behalf of the campaign to pay United States.

Bill Passes Senate

Ottawa, Ont.—The bill authorizing the holding of hospital superintendents in Canada has been passed by the senate committee on private bills. The measure was sponsored by Senator A. D. McFie (Cons., Vancouver).

SUGGEST SOME CHANGES IN OUR VOTING SYSTEM

Ottawa, Ont.—Radical suggestions for changes in Canada's electoral system were advanced in the senate today coupled with a few caustic remarks on the workings of democracy as at present organized.

As a cure for the present high cost of elections, Senator C. W. Robinson of Montreal, himself a veteran of many electoral battles, suggested total abolition of election booths, elimination of registration, and the taking of votes by a house-to-house canvass. In his opinion it would save millions of dollars.

"The opinion of half the electors is not any good anyway," said Senator George Lynch-Staunton of Hamilton, as he agreed with the proposed abolition of registration which cost more than \$1,000,000 at each election.

"Take 100,000 young girls voting," said Senator Lynch-Staunton, "their collective opinion would be of great value to any government, wouldn't it?"

The House of Commons might as well be abolished and the entire cost of elections eliminated, replied Senator C. E. Tanner of Picton, N.S. The country would not be in its present financial difficulty if there had been no common and the senate alone had dealt with legislation in the last 10 years.

The discussion took place on Senator W. E. Foster's resolution favoring an inquiry into methods of improving the electoral system. Senator Tanner adjourned the debate and the discussion will continue later in the week.

Sensor Lynch-Staunton thought the machinery of government in Canada was far too cumbersome. There were Dominion, provincial and municipal elections. There was no reason, he said, why Dominion candidates were elected once every five years, why aldermen should not also be elected for five years instead of a single year. Canada had more governments than any other country and more elections.

Mines May Shut Down

Victoria, B.C.—Advisers were received here that the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company would cease operation of the coal mines of Fernie, in southern British Columbia, main support of a population of 5,000 people. Thomas Uphill, Labor member from Fernie, has given notice that he will ask the legislature that the mines be turned over to interests which will operate them.

Counterfeits have been flooding Scotland with bogus bank notes.

THE NATIONAL ENTRY WHICH SCORED

ENVOY TO MEXICO



Joseph Daniels, war-time Secretary of the Navy under President Wilson who has been nominated by President Roosevelt as U.S. Ambassador to Mexico. Nomination by the President is tantamount to appointment.

British Officers Kidnapped

Chinese Pirates Seize Four Officers From British Ship

Newchang, Manchuria.—A group of armed Chinese buccanniers kidnapped four British officers from the British merchantman, "Nanchang," which was anchored at the Newchang bar.

The captain of the steamer pursued the pirates, frantically wirelessing an alarm, but the abductors escaped in their junks in the shallow water.

They had swarmed aboard the steamer from three junks, which opened up heavy fire as they drew alongside. British gunboats began an immediate search for the pirates and their victims. The men abducted are W. E. Hargrave, A. D. Blue, F. L. Peers and Charles Johnson.

To Investigate Finances

Federal Government Has Sent Official To Western Provinces

Ottawa, Ont.—Before proceeding to the request of the western provinces for financial assistance the Bennett Government has decided to carry out an investigation into their affairs.

For this purpose, Watson Selinger, assistant comptroller of the treasury and federal deputy minister of finance, left Ottawa, March 28.

Secretary is being observed with respect to his mission and it is somewhat uncertain if Mr. Selinger will go direct to Victoria and work east, or begin at Winnipeg and work west.

Fire In Dublin

Blaze Exploded By Authorities To Be Of Incendiary Origin

Dublin, Irish Free State.—Fire, believed by authorities to be of incendiary origin, swept Connolly House, headquarters of the Communist Irish revolutionary workers group, and a block of buildings nearby in Bachelors' Walk.

First estimate said the damage might be enormous. Several stores and other adjoining properties were badly burned.

The blaze in Bachelors' Walk, which runs off O'Connell street by O'Connell bridge, was under control at midnight.

Many persons were injured in fighting at Connolly House, which is about 100 yards from Bachelors' Walk. Several hundred men stormed the Communist headquarters. They threw stones and broke windows, forced their way through the entrance and seized a red flag, pamphlets and furniture which they threw into the street.

The flag and the pamphlets were being used in a demonstration outside the building.

Police repeatedly charged into the crowds, but the disturbance lasted long past midnight.

Connolly House was attacked by hundreds of young men Sunday and Monday nights in the course of Communist meetings. Thousands of people watched the men fighting tonight's blaze which was said to be one of the biggest and most dangerous Dublin ever experienced.

Appointment Confirmed

Colonel Taylor, Manitoba Leader Of Conservatives, Receives Judgeship

Ottawa, Ont.—Appointment of Col. F. G. Taylor, for many years Conservative leader in Manitoba, as judge in the court of king's bench in that province, was officially confirmed with the signing of the order-in-council by the Governor-General.

The appointment is to the vacancy created by the resignation of Mr. Justice C. G. Galt, which was recently received. Mr. Justice Galt, who just celebrated his 80th birthday resigned because of ill-health.

A MEASURE TO CURB ACTIVITIES OF ARMED THUGS

Ottawa, Ont.—The House of Commons moved to change down on gun-toting when it considered a bill to impose a five-year maximum penalty for carrying a revolver or sawed-off shotgun for the first time. In addition, the bill would add two years to the sentence of any man convicted of hold-up or bank robbery.

Mr. James Macleod, former Minister of Trade and Commerce, advanced stringent regulations against gun-toting by policemen. "Of late years the Ontario provincial police have gone to an absurd length in this regard," he said. "In small towns and country districts all through Ontario, for the first time in history we have been seeing these provincial police going around with a holster and two exposed guns. There are no criminals in the rural parts of Ontario and the duties of our police do not demand the carrying of concealed or exposed weapons."

Although James B. Woodworth, leader of the Co-Operative Commonwealth Federation, expressed similar thoughts, the House generally did not agree with the former trade minister. It was reported from all over Canada, said the justice minister, that gun-toting was on the increase. Thence, Hon. Westminister, said Vancouver had 411 armed hold-ups in the first 11 months of 1932, "and life and limb are not safe. It would be a disastrous crime to leave our police without arms."

The armed thug had no friends in the House. Wilfrid Hanbury, Lib., Vancouver-Burrard, said any man who carried a concealed gun was a potential murderer, "and if I had any sense to say about it, I would put him in jail for the rest of his life."

Dr. J. P. Howden, Lib., St. Boniface, asked for separate treatment for carrying a sawed-off shotgun. "That's the bird who means business, and we should have a special clause in the bill for him."

The bill would impose a one to five-year sentence for carrying concealed weapons without a permit. In addition, it would revise former sections of the criminal code dealing with permits, for the sale, ownership or carrying of weapons and would increase penalties.

BRITISH ENVOY IS RECALLED FROM RUSSIA

London, Eng.—Sir Edmund Ovey, ambassador at Moscow, has been called home to report in person on the arrest of six British subjects employed by the Metropolitan-Vickers Electrical Company, charged with sabotage by the Russian Government.

Newspapers which regard the incident as of considerable importance to relations between the two governments speculated on the possibility of a ban on Russian imports, cancellation of negotiations for a new trade treaty with Russia, and perhaps of a severance of diplomatic relations.

Sir John Simon, foreign secretary, was questioned in the House of Commons about the incident.

The six men accused are: Alan Monkhouse, director in Moscow for Metropolitan-Vickers; Charles Nordwell, W. H. Thornton, W. H. McDonald, John Cusby and another technician named Gregory.

Monkhouse and Nordwell are at liberty.

Moscow, Russia.—British embassy announced Ambassador Sir Edmund Ovey had been recalled to London to report on the arrest of several British subjects employed by the Metropolitan-Vickers Electrical Company. It was said an excellent authority he is not likely to come back, and this probably will add to the complications of the case. It was also said the company's offices and the filing of sabotage charges against several technicians.

Victoria, B.C.—The entire diplomatic corps was present to see Sir Edmund and his family when they took a train for Berlin, but the foreign office was not represented.

Old Age Pensions

Alberta Will Not Relieve Municipalities From Paying Share

Calgary, Alberta.—There will be no relief to municipalities regarding old age pension payments, Premier J. E. Brownlee, of Alberta, has informed Mayor Ady Davidson, of Calgary, who asked the government to relieve the city of the 10 per cent. payment of the pensions.

Mayor Davidson took the stand the municipalities should be relieved of their share in the pension costs now that the Dominion Government had assumed 75 per cent. of the cost, leaving the provincial governments to pay only 15 per cent. He thought the provincial government should take over the municipalities' 10 per cent. share.

May Spread Tax Payment

Proposed Bill Would Further Relieve Debtors In Alberta

Edmonton, Alberta.—Designed to further relieve debtors' distress, by spreading payment of tax arrears over a six-year period, a bill will be introduced in the Alberta legislature shortly. The bill provides for the consolidation of payment of all instalments of certain local taxes.

The Alberta bill provides that when a taxpayer is in arrears for more than one year in respect of land taxes the municipality, or for school taxes, he may enter into a consolidation agreement whereby the arrears would be paid by instalments over a period of six years.

Favors the Dole

Direct Relief For Most Economical Plan, Says Senator

Ottawa, Ont.—Cost of providing work had been found to be out of all proportion to the cost of direct relief, Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, government leader in the senate, told the members of the Upper Chamber, the relief measure recently passed by the Commons was under review.

Public buildings, Senator Meighen said, had been erected to meet present and future needs. No feasible means of giving work to the extent of the present unemployment had been devised. The measure was passed without amendment.

Soviets Deny Reports

Moscow, Russia.—Although there has been a serious food shortage for some time in many regions of Soviet Russia, official quarters vigorously denied Thursday reports published abroad the nation is suffering from famine. A statement thousands were dying of starvation was branded as "comical."

Champion Grocery

Wonderful Values for this Week End

Red Rose Coffee, per lb. 43c
Carnation Milk, tall tins, 3 for. 35c
Jello Powders, all flavors, 3 for. 25c
Alymer Sweet Corn, 2 for. 25c
Eldy's Owl Matches, 3 box pkg. 19c
Bananas, in A 1 condition per lb. 15c
Try our Bulk Coffee, guaranteed to any 50c value on the market, per lb. 30c
We have Fresh Vegetables, Carrots, Rhubarb, Ripe Tomatoes, celery and Lettuce as usual.

E. LATIFF

Phone 14

JUST TO REMIND YOU !

Many Alberta farmers still have quantities of grain which they plan to dispose of either before or after seeding.

Alberta Pool elevators invite such farmers to patronage the facilities of this Alberta co-operative elevator organization.

See the Pool elevator agent

Alberta Pool Elevators

These Trying Times, are The Time to Try

For Easter, Why Not Try
**Swifts Premium Ham
And Bacon**



Whole, Half or Sliced at The
Champion Meat Market

LOWER EASTER HOLIDAY FARES

Between all Points in Canada
ONE WAY FARE and ONE QUARTER
FOR THE ROUND TRIP

GOOD GOING
April 13 to 16

RETURN LIMIT
APRIL 18

Full Information from Ticket Agent
CANADIAN PACIFIC

Local & General

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smith are spending a few days in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. A. McCullough spent Thursday in Lethbridge.

Miss Rheta Campbell was a Calgary visitor this week.

The local theatre was well attended Wednesday evening.

If you want a bargain in a New Tractor see your local JOHN DEERE agent.

Rev P. Dawson will conduct Anniversary Services at Nobleford on Sunday, April 9th.

News of the marriage of Jim Archibald reached town this week. Further particulars next week.



Watch for Posters

Announcing

Anniversary Night
Champion Community Hall

A Big Surprise is in
Store for you.



TAKE A FEW MINUTES
TO LOOK OVER THE
BIGGEST-VALUE LINE
OF TIRES THAT EVER
ROLLED A HIGHWAY

LIKE anti-knock gas in your
cylinders, is a set of our
Goodyears on your wheels.
You see! They travel. And
travel. And travel.

Why? Because they're made
with Super-twist cords. And
because Goodyear leads in
tread development.

Of course you know that
prices are far lower this
season. That's why it's poor
business to try to squeeze the
last mile out of those old tires.

Decide to see our Goodyears
now. Three price ranges. Path-
finders. All-Weathers. Heavy
Duty.

**CENTRAL
SERVICE
STATION**
Telephone 19
CHAMPION
ALBERTA

Put a new Goodyear Tube in every
new casing.



**WE SELL AND
RECOMMEND
Wampole's
Extract of
Cod Liver
Oil**
The Best Tonic for
Coughs, Colds,
Influenza and Grippe

IT IS better than ordinary cough
medicines, for it reaches the seat
of the trouble, relieves the cough
and supplies continual treatment to
build up the system to withstand
future attacks. A splendid blood
and body-building tonic for both
young and old who take it regularly.

Price - \$1.00

A WEEK OF VALUES

TOMATOES, Choice Quality
Large cans, 2 for. 25c
Silt, 7 lb. sack, each. 22c
Alberta Rose Flour, 98 lbs. \$1.89
Malkins Best Strawberry JAM
4 lb. pails, each. 58c
Almond Nut Toilet Soap, 3 bars 10c
Lye, 2 cans for. 25c

GIRLS SUMMER WEIGHT HOSE
In all light shades, from 25c

LADIES' LISLE HOSE
Wonderful Fine Sheer Quality,
new shades, per pair. 39c

Ladies' Full Fashioned Silk Hose
Made by Orient, new shades
Special, per pair. 75c

K. C. Plum Jam, 4 lb. Pails, each 39c

Canned Pineapple, medium
size, 2 cans for. 25c
Santos Coffee, Special, 3 lbs. 85c
Sunkist Oranges, medium size
2 dozen for. 45c
Head Lettuce, each. 10c
B. C. Onions, 10 lbs. for. 14c
Carrots, 10 lbs. for. 14c
Turnips, 6 lbs. for. 5c

Shaded Zephyr Wool
Gold, Green, Brown and
Red, 1 oz. ball, each. 25c

New Crepe Wool
For Sweaters and Caps, in
new colors, 2 balls for. 45c

All Silk Flat Crepe
Beautiful Plaids for Blouses and
Trimmings, per yard. \$1.45

Highest price paid for produce
Eggs not arriving clean will be
refused.

McCullough Bros.

A Want Ad. will do the Trick

For Sale

About 1000 Old Bundles and some
Oats. Apply to Steve Fath, phone
108.

For Sale

3 sets of Harness and about 5 collars
and some Horse Machinery. Apply
to O. E. Sommers.

For Sale

Chatham Fanning Mill. For sale
or trade. Apply to A. Vershays.

To Rent

Garage in A 1 condition. Very
cheap and central location. Enquire
at Chronicle Office.

Found—23 carat gold wed-
ding ring on sub-division road.
Owner apply at Chronicle
office.

For Rent—Room next door to
Meat Market. Apply to H.
E. Gill.

NOTICE

IN THE MATTER of the estate of
George Rock formerly of Champion,
Alberta now of Mitchell, Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that all
persons having claims upon the estate
of the above named George Rock, are
required to file with the undersigned
by the 29th day of April, 1935, a full
statement duly verified of their
claims and of any securities held by
them, and that after that date the
assets of the said George Rock will
be distributed among the parties
entitled thereto having regard
only to the claims of which notice has
been so filed or which have been
brought to the knowledge of the under-
signed.

DATED this 23rd day of March,
1935.
MANN, DAWSON & CO.
Barristers, Calgary,
Alberta.



"Worth making a noise about"

Champion Community Hall

Have a real treat in store for
you on

**Anniversary Night
Easter Monday**

Watch for Advertising in this Event

